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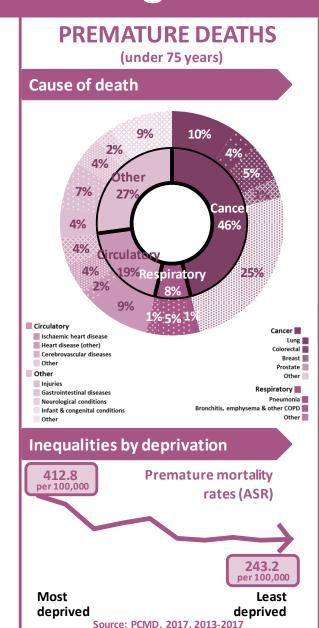
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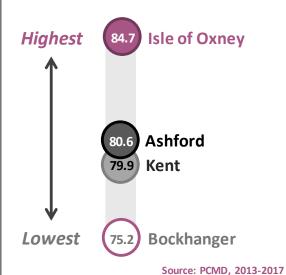
Heath and Social Care Maps



LIFE EXPECTANCY at birth



Ward-level life expectancy (men)



LONG TERM CONDITIONS

Diabetes 6.8%

Ages 17+

H 1

Hypertension 14.7%

Kent recorded prevalence

Asthma
5.6%
All ages

Source: QOF, 2018/19

2.1%
All ages

MENTAL HEALTH

Depression



11.2%

Of adults recorded by their GP as having depression

Emergency hospital admissions for serious mental health conditions

192 in 2018/19



Source: QOF, 2018/19; HES

Demographics

Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)



Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD): by electoral ward

Overall IMD score, population weighted quintile, 2019



Source: DCLG, prepared by KPHO (MP), Oct-19



Premature mortality

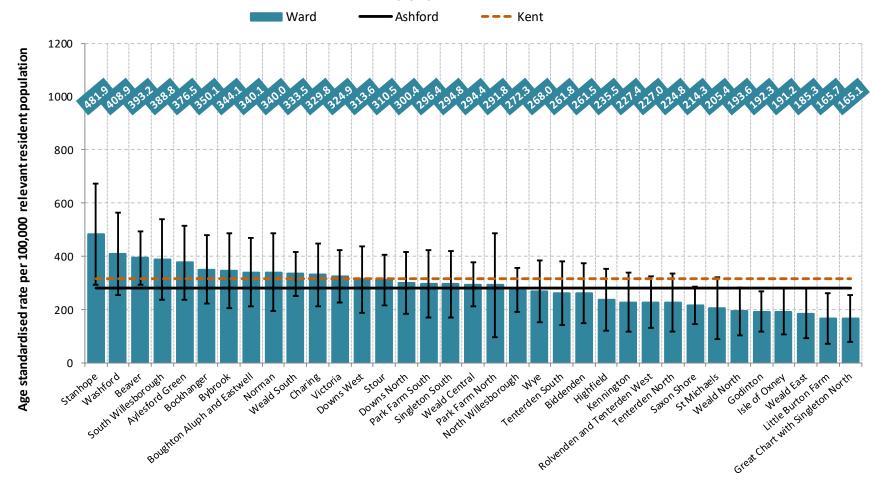
Premature mortalty from all causes

Causes of premature death



Premature mortality from all causes: by electoral ward

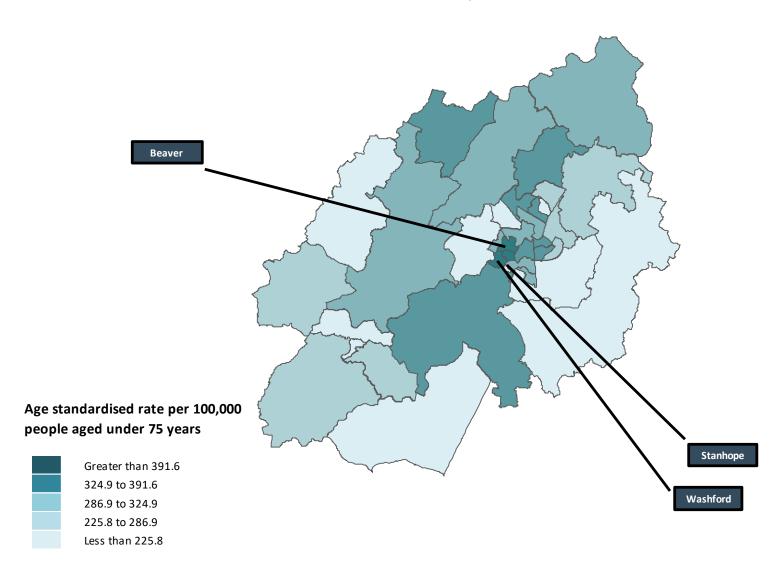
Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017





Premature mortality from all causes: by electoral ward

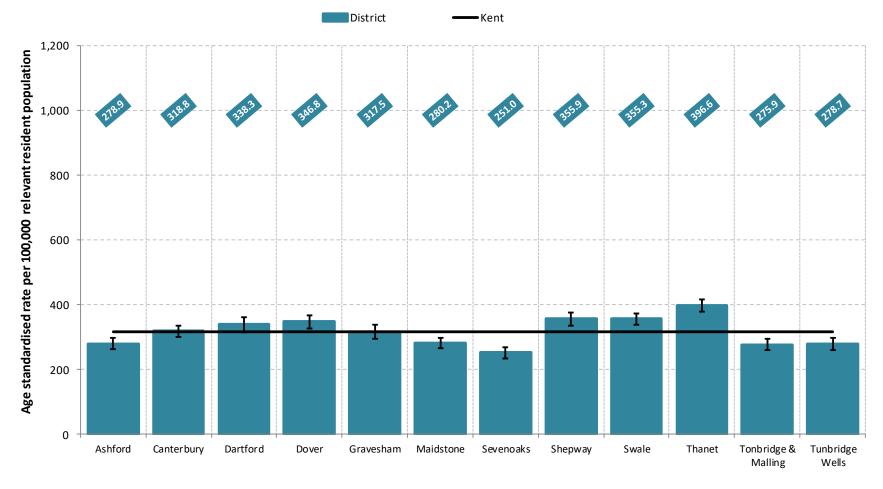
Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017





Premature mortality from all causes: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017

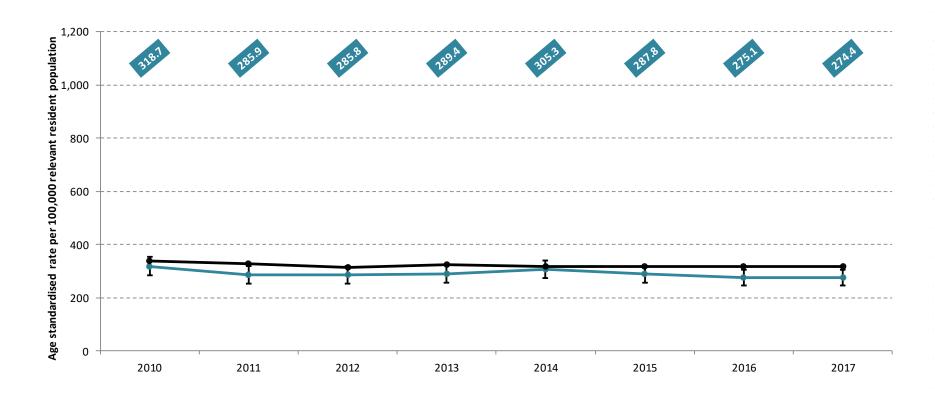




Premature mortality from all causes: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10:A00-Y99), 2010 to 2017



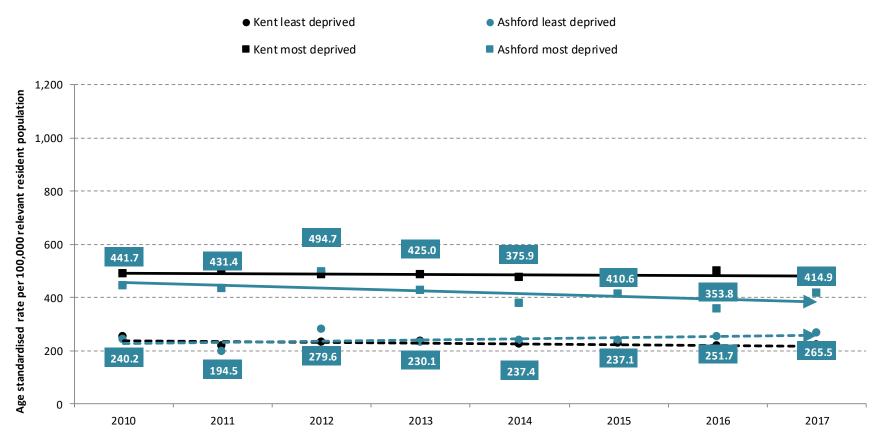


No significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent



Premature mortality from all causes: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2010 to 2017

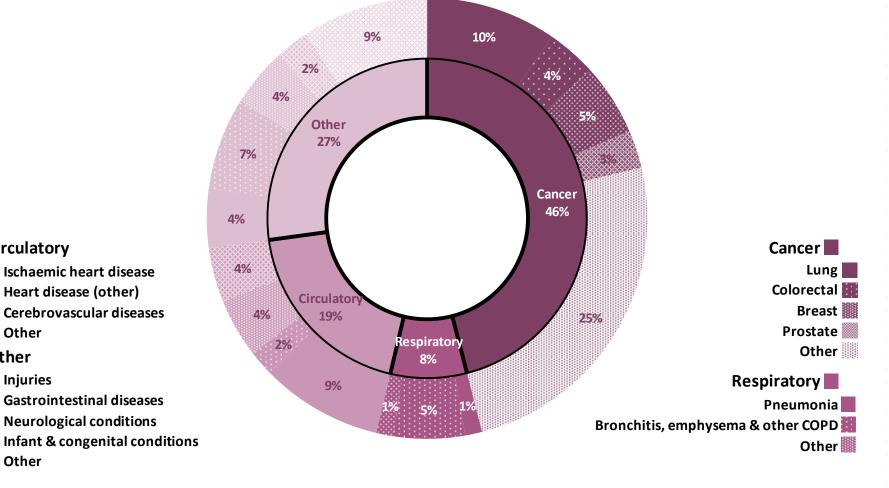


Least deprived trend - no significant change compared with stable trend for Kent Most deprived trend - no significant change compared with stable trend for Kent



Causes of premature mortality

Underlying cause of death for persons aged under 75 years, 2017



Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Jul-18

Heart disease (other)



Circulatory

Other

Injuries

Other

Other

Healthcare usage

A&E attendances

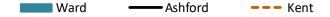
Elective hospital admissions

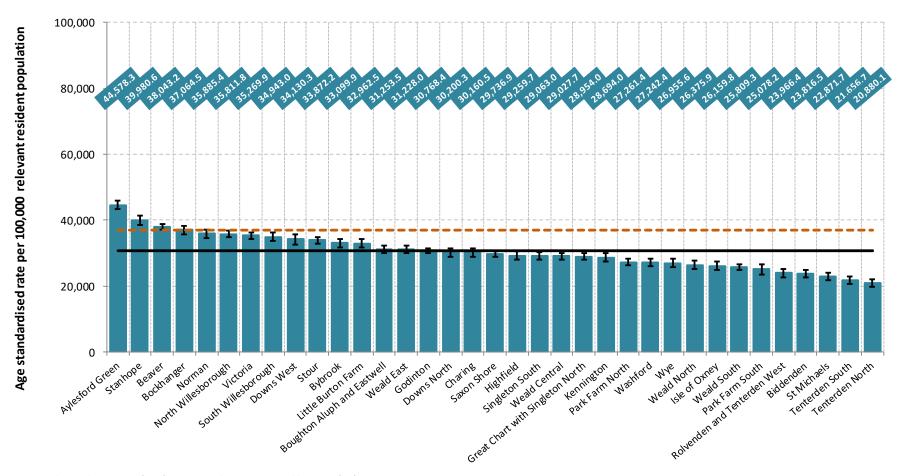
Emergency hospital admissions



Accident & Emergency attendances: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, , 2016/17-2018/19

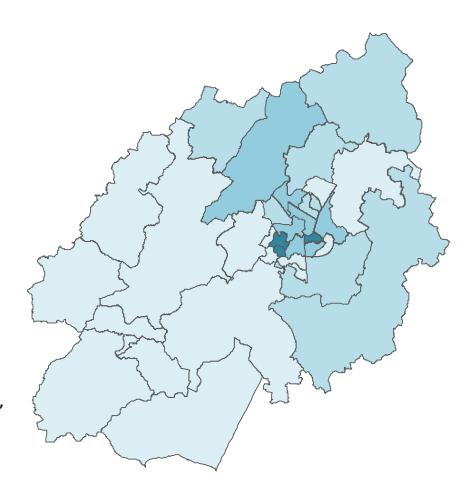




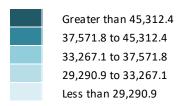


Accident & Emergency attendances: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19



Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS

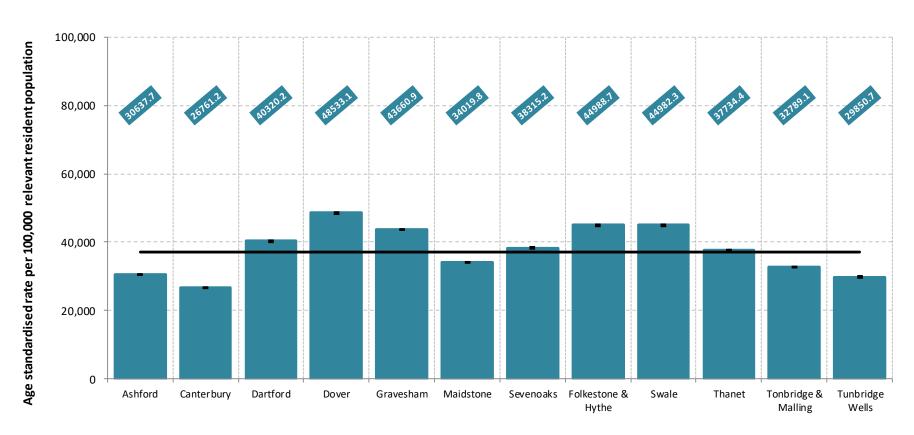




Accident & Emergency attendances: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, , 2016/17-2018/19



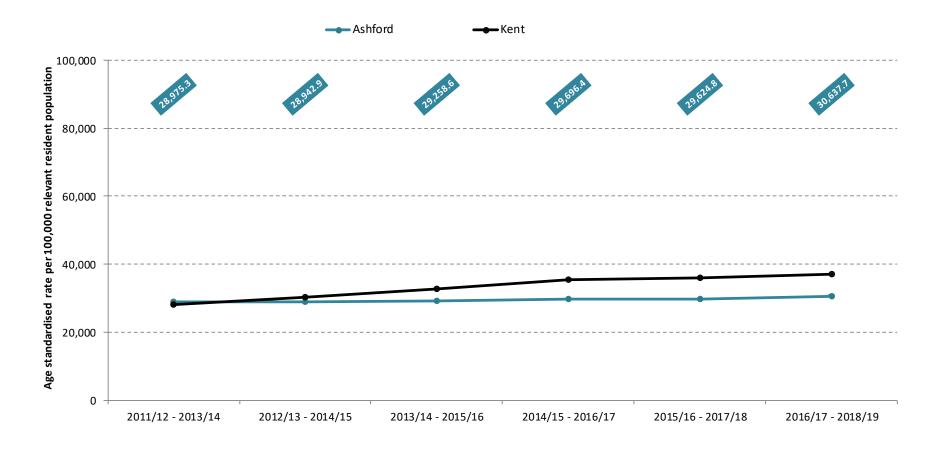


 $Source: Hospital \, Episode \, Statistics \, (HES), \, NHS \, Digital, \, ONS, \, prepared \, by \, KPHO \, (SR), \, Dec-19$



Accident & Emergency attendances: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 - 2012/13 to 2016/17 - 2018/19

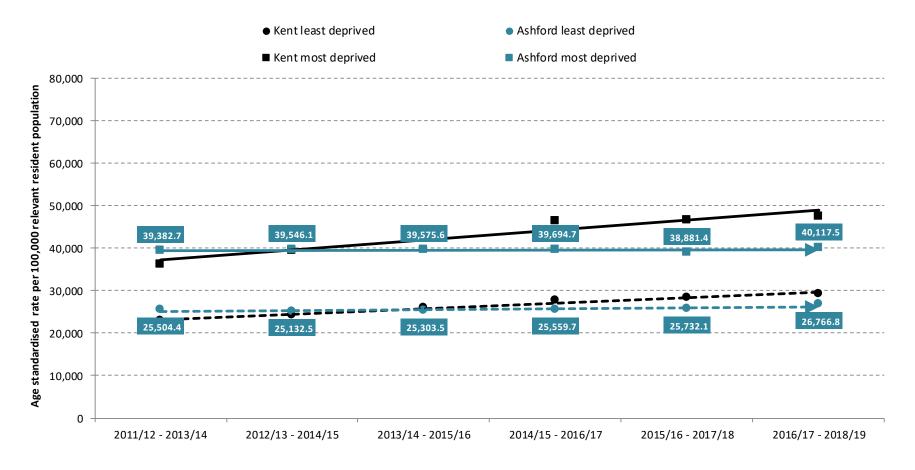


Increasing with a slower pace of change than Kent



Accident & Emergency attendances: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



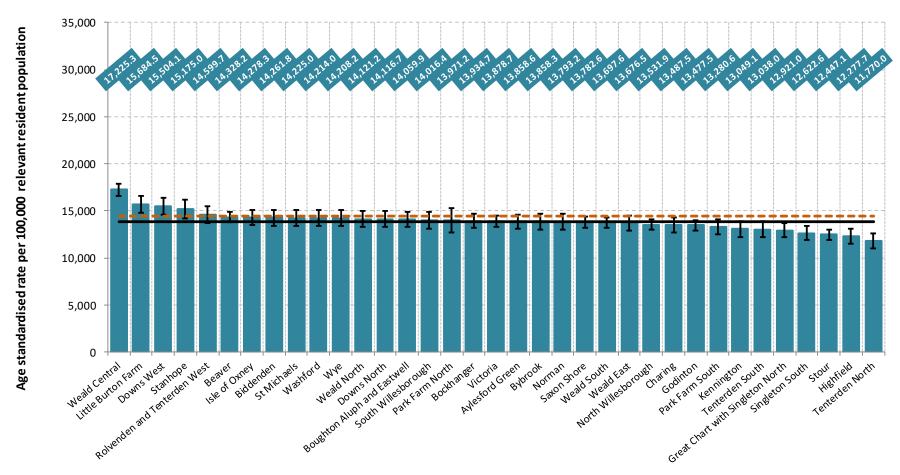
Least deprived trend - no significant change compared with an increasing trend for Kent Most deprived trend - no significant change compared with an increasing trend for Kent



Elective hospital admissions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

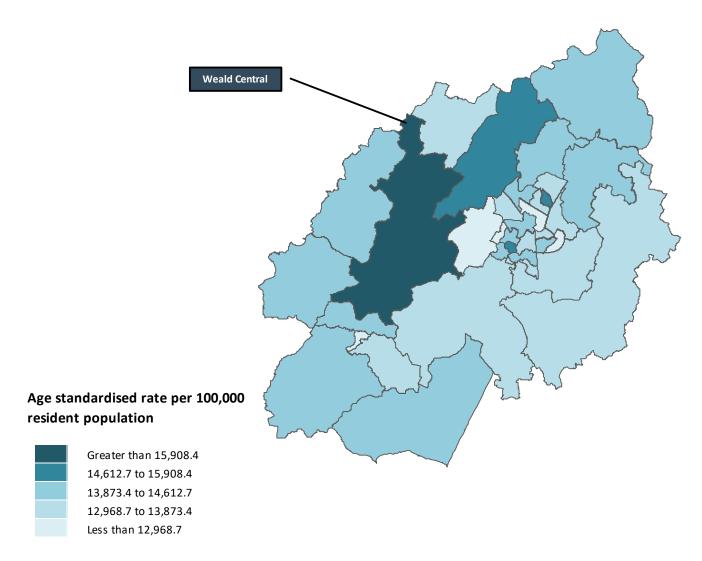






Elective hospital admissions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

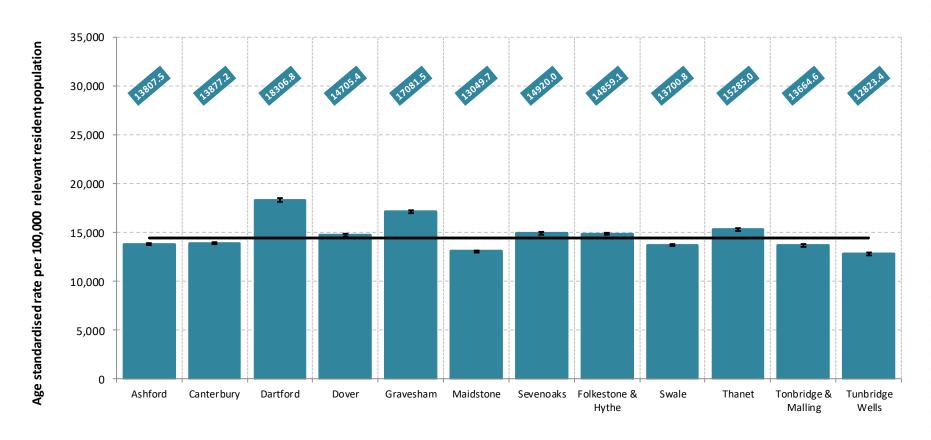




Elective hospital admissions: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

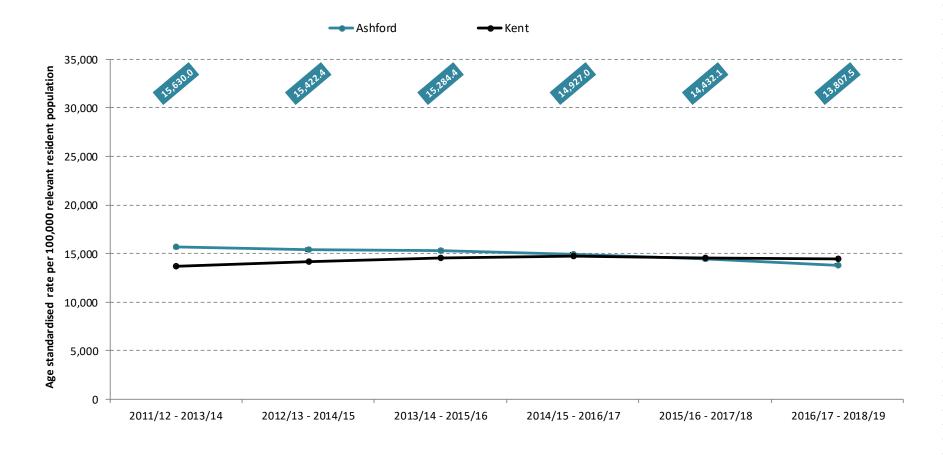






Elective hospital admissions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19

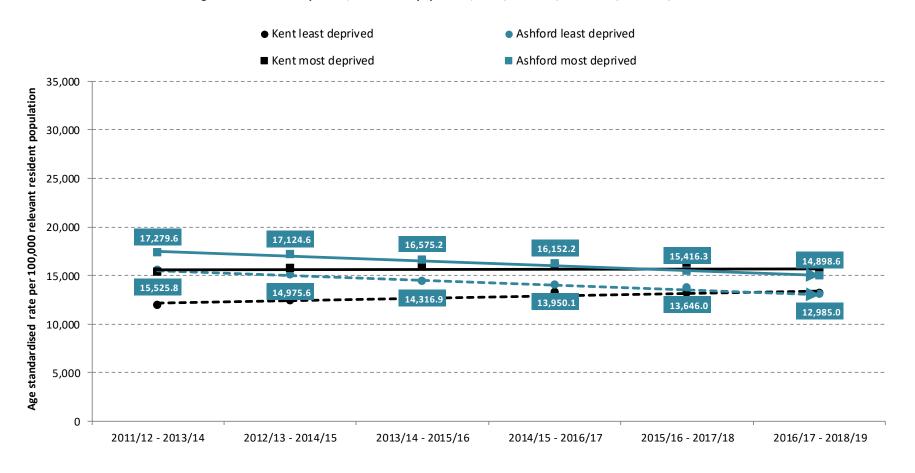


Decreasing compared with a stable trend for Kent



Elective hospital admissions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



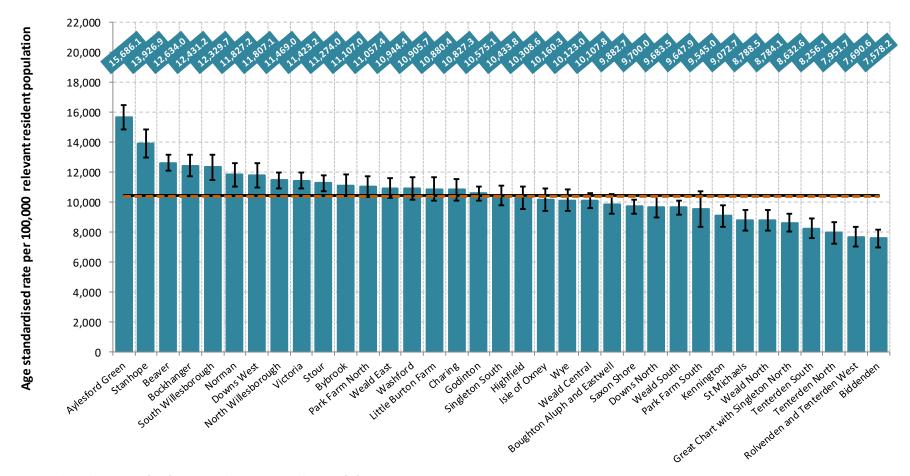
Least deprived trend - decreasing compared with an increasing trend for Kent Most deprived trend - decreasing compared with a stable trend for Kent



Emergency hospital admissions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

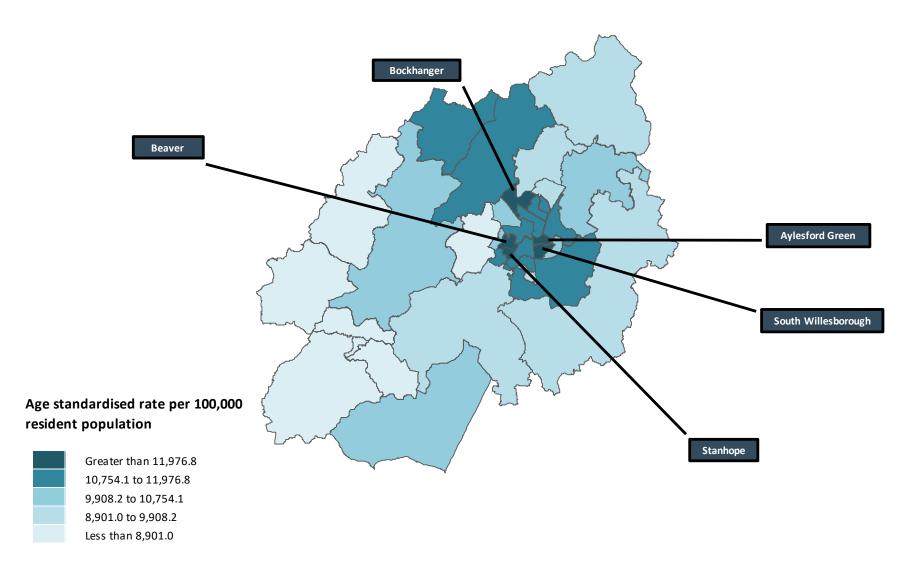






Emergency hospital admissions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

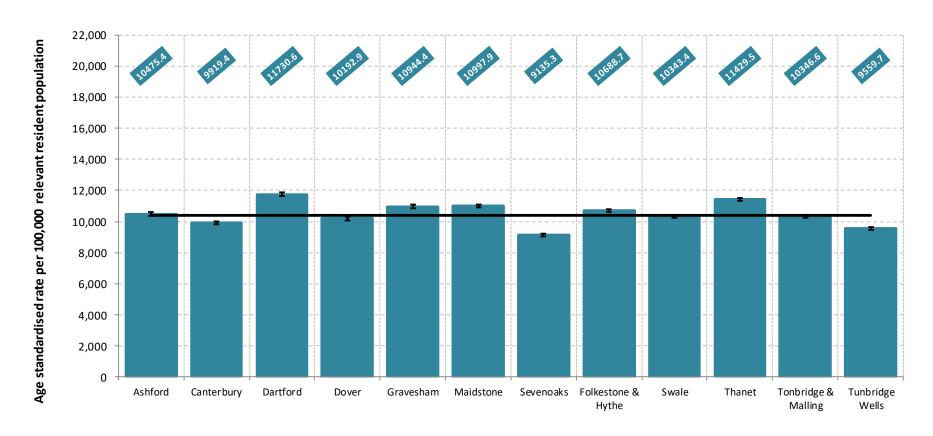




Emergency hospital admissions: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2016/17-2018/19

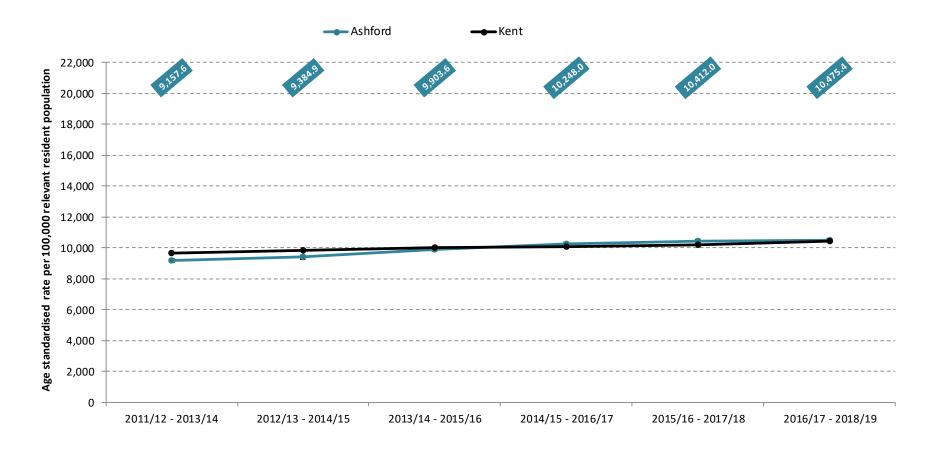






Emergency hospital admissions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19

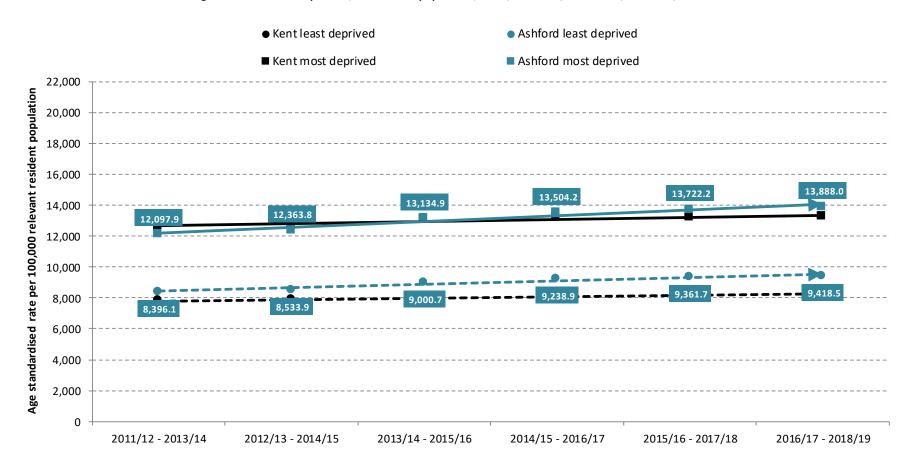


Increasing with a faster pace of change than Kent



Emergency hospital admissions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



Least deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to Kent Most deprived trend - increasing with a faster pace of change than Kent



Clinical effectiveness

Mortality from causes considered avoidable

Mortality from causes considered amenable

Mortality from causes considered preventable

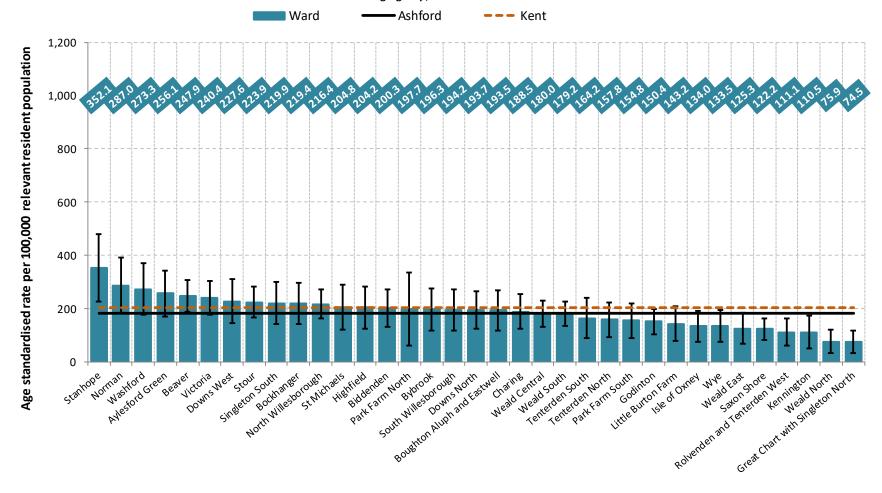
Avoidable admissions for chronic conditions

Avoidable admissions for acute conditions



Avoidable mortality: by electoral ward

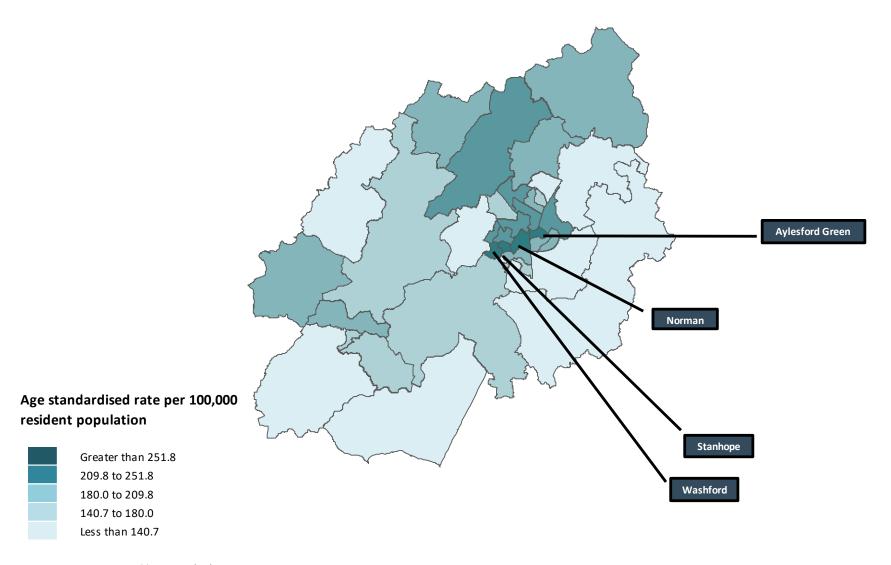
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017





Avoidable mortality: by electoral ward

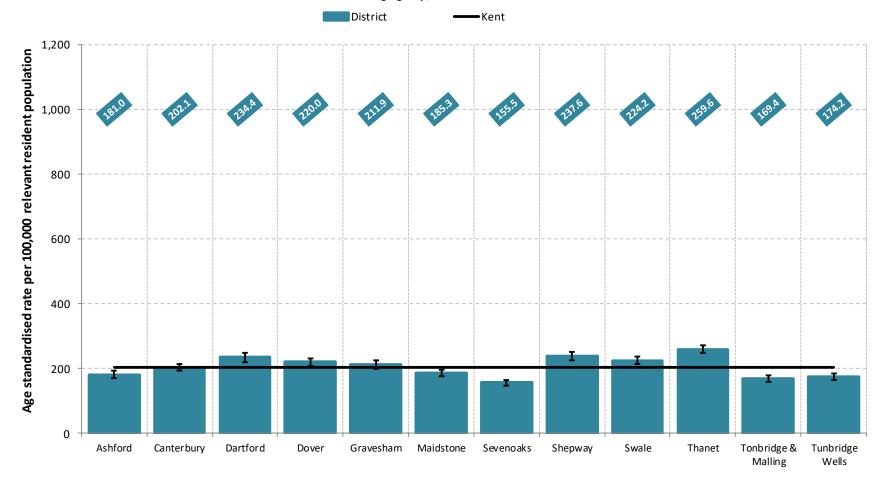
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017





Avoidable mortality: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

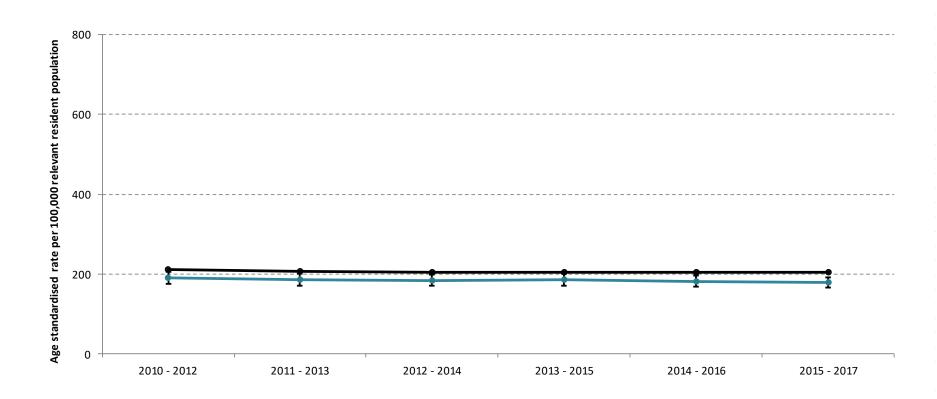




Avoidable mortality: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017



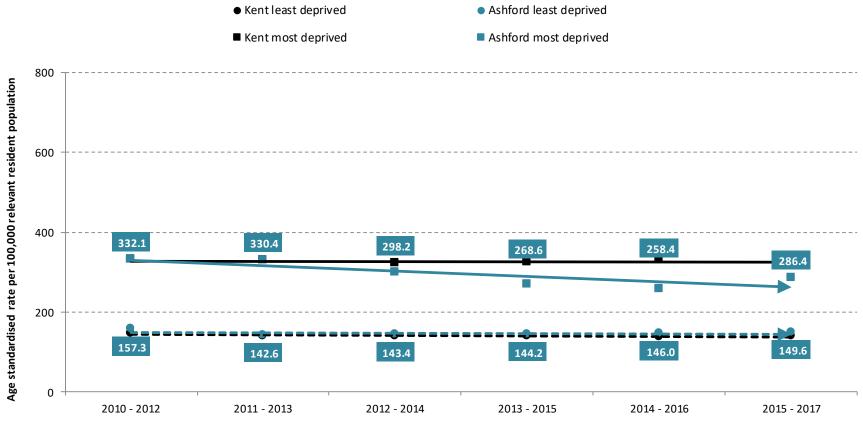


Decreasing compared with a stable trend for Kent



Avoidable mortality: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017



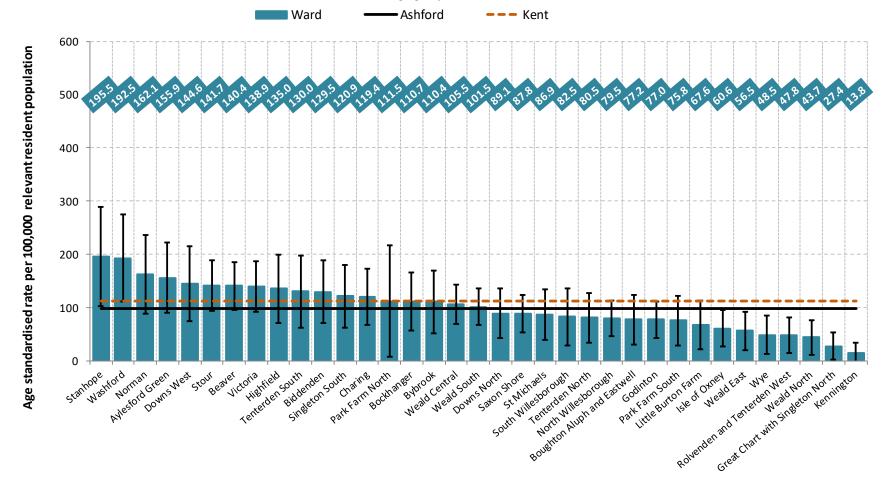
Least deprived trend - no significant change compared with an stable trend for Kent

Most deprived trend - decreasing compared with a stable trend for Kent



Amenable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

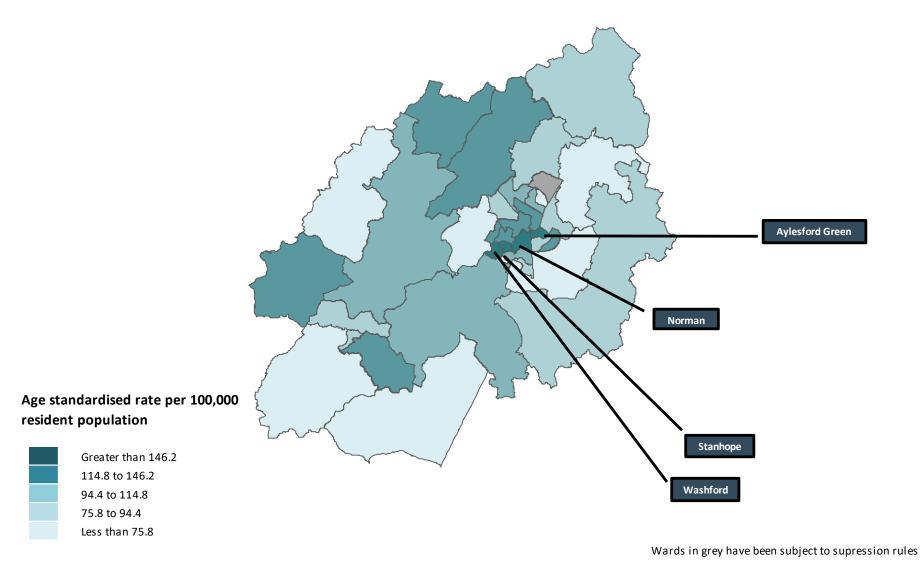


Wards with no data have been subject to suppression rules



Amenable mortality: by electoral ward

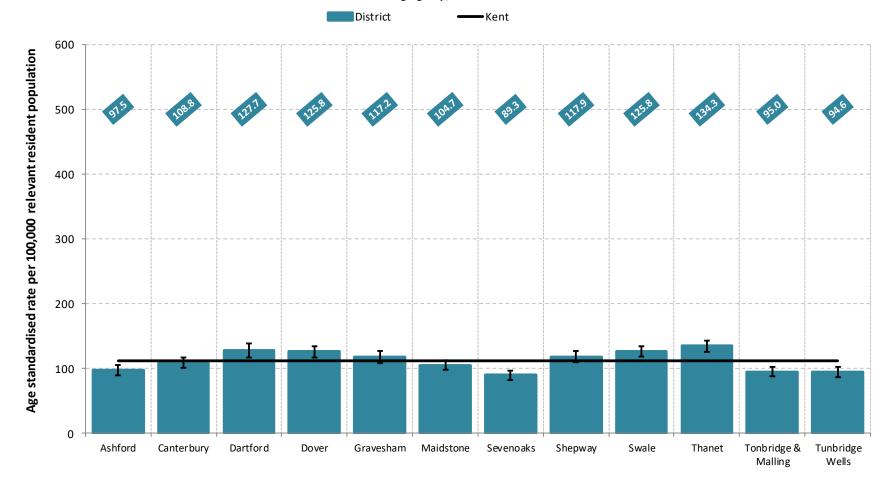
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017





Amenable mortality: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

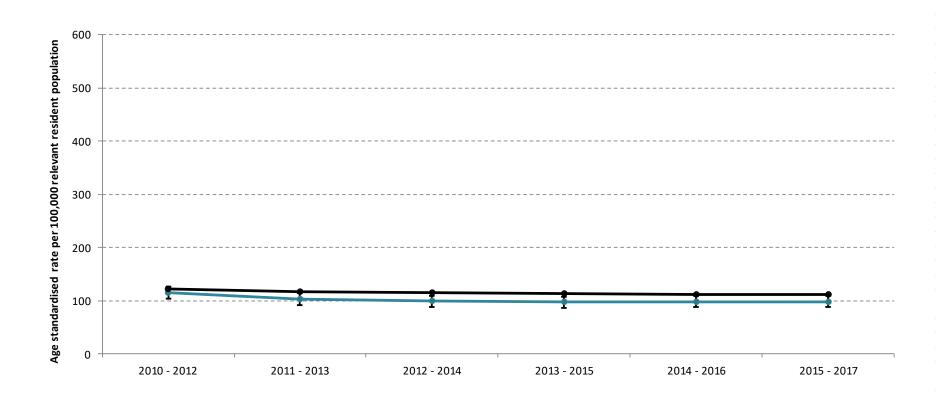




Amenable mortality: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017



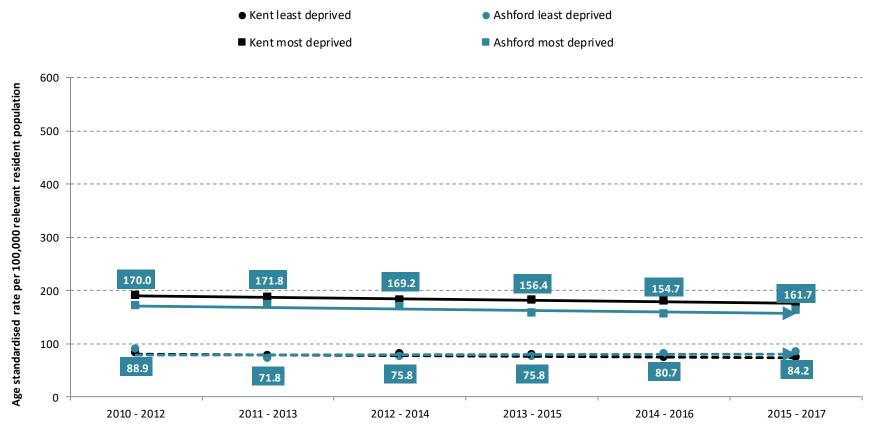


No significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent



Amenable mortality: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

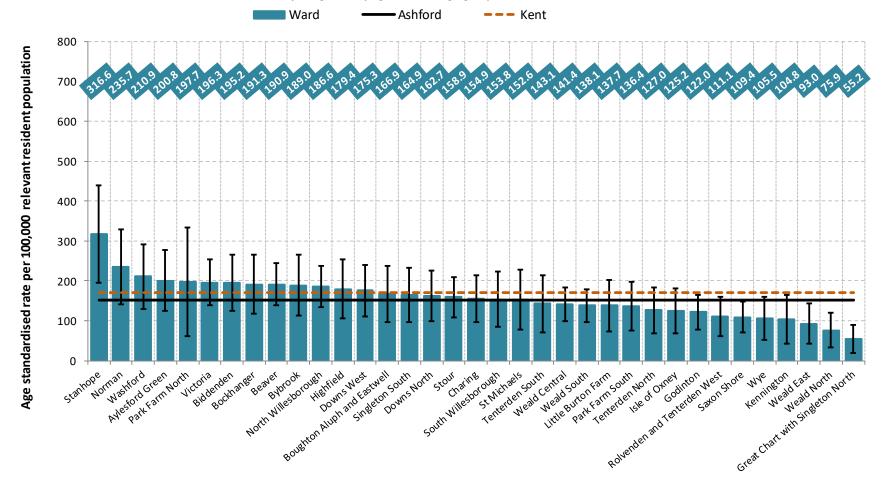


Least deprived trend - no significant change compared with an stable trend for Kent Most deprived trend - no significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent



Preventable mortality: by electoral ward

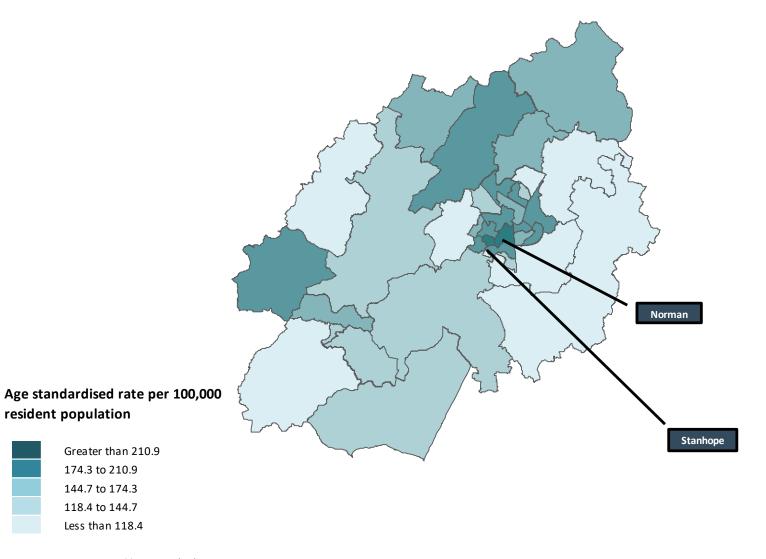
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017





Preventable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017



Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18

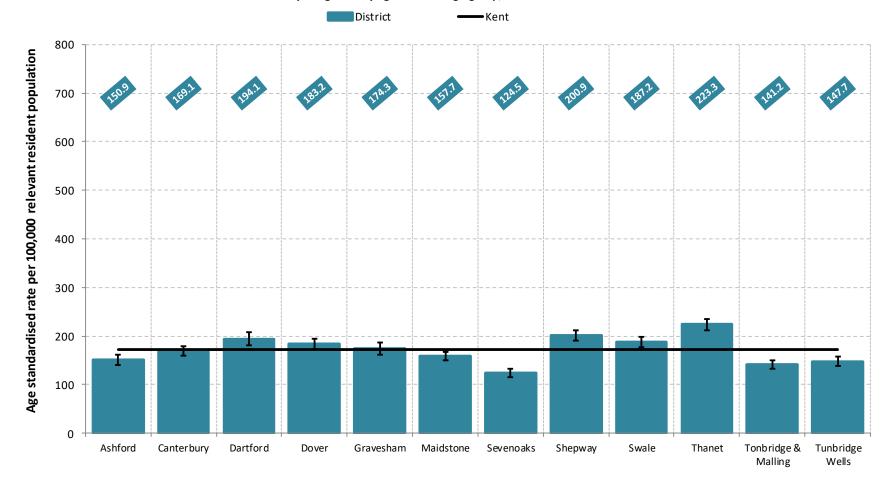
174.3 to 210.9 144.7 to 174.3 118.4 to 144.7 Less than 118.4



resident population

Preventable mortality: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

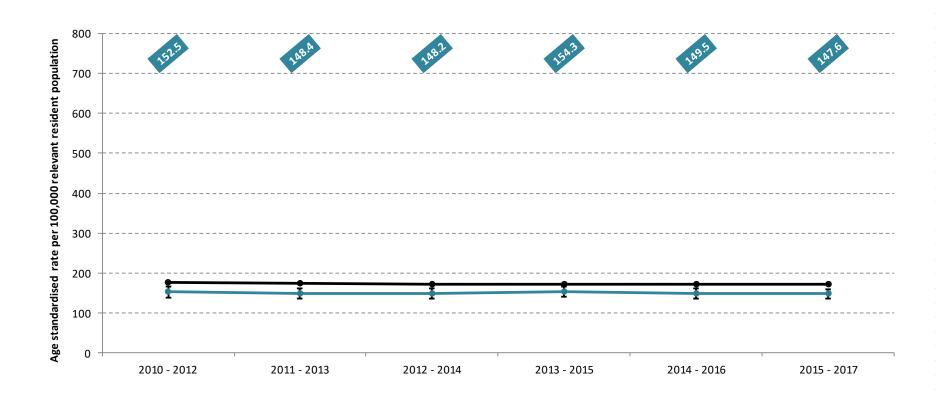




Preventable mortality: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017



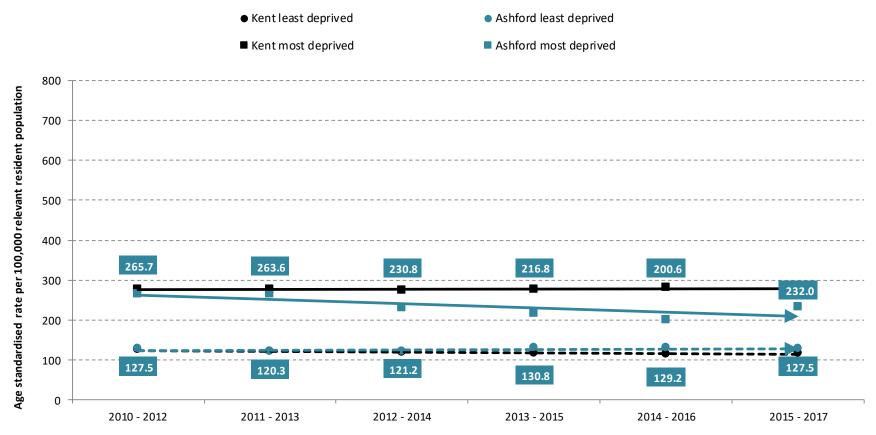


No significant change compared with a stable trend for Kent



Preventable mortality: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017



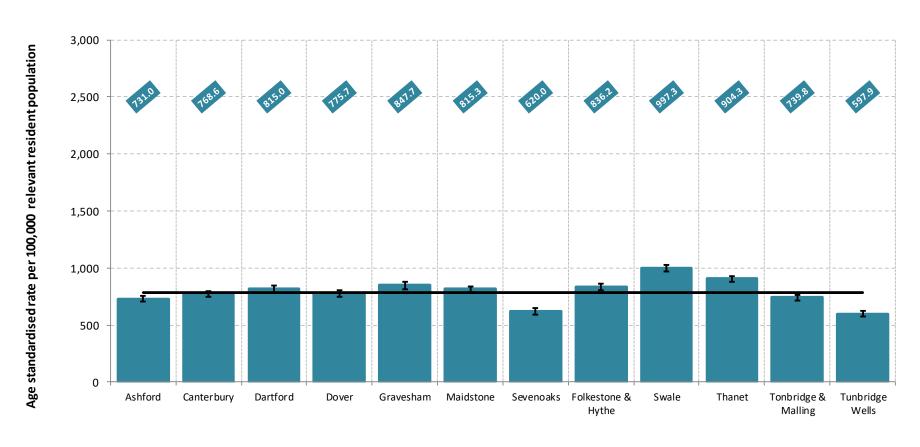
Least deprived trend - no significant change compared with decreasing trend for Kent Most deprived trend - no significant change compared with stable trend for Kent



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2016/17-2018/19



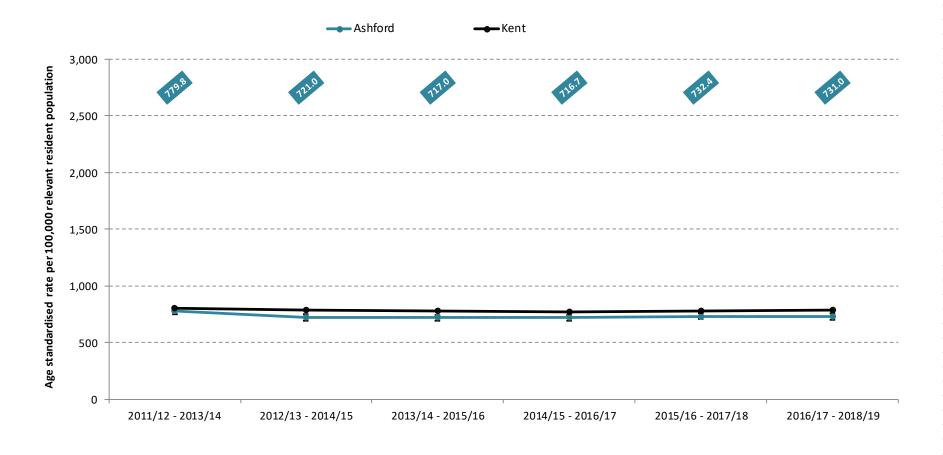


 $Source: Hospital \, Episode \, Statistics \, (HES), \, NHS \, Digital, \, ONS, \, prepare \, d \, by \, KPHO \, (ZC), \, Jan-20 \, d \, and \, constant \, a$



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



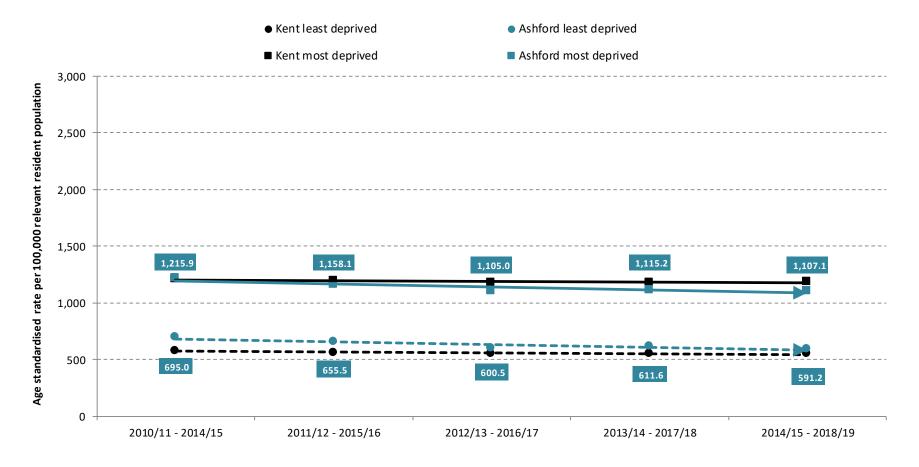
No significant change compared with a stable trend for Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2010/11 - 2014/15 to 2014/15 - 2018/19



Least deprived trend - decreasing with a similar pace of change to Kent Most deprived trend - no significant change compared with an stable trend for Kent

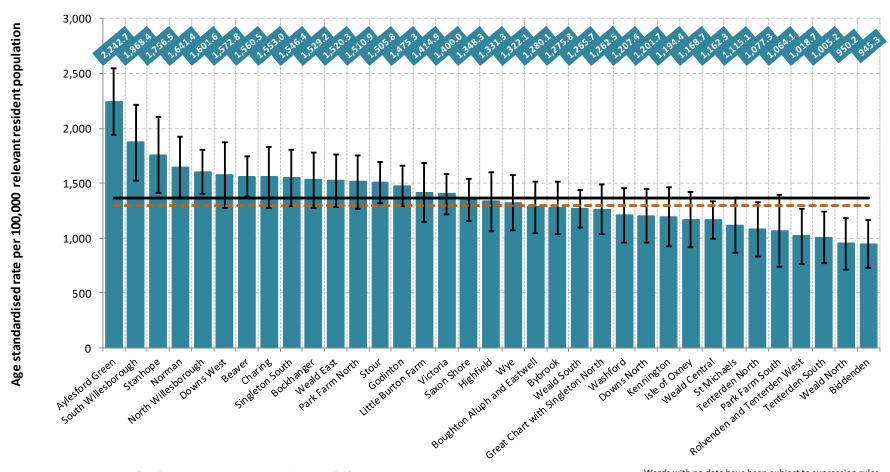
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2016/17-2018/19





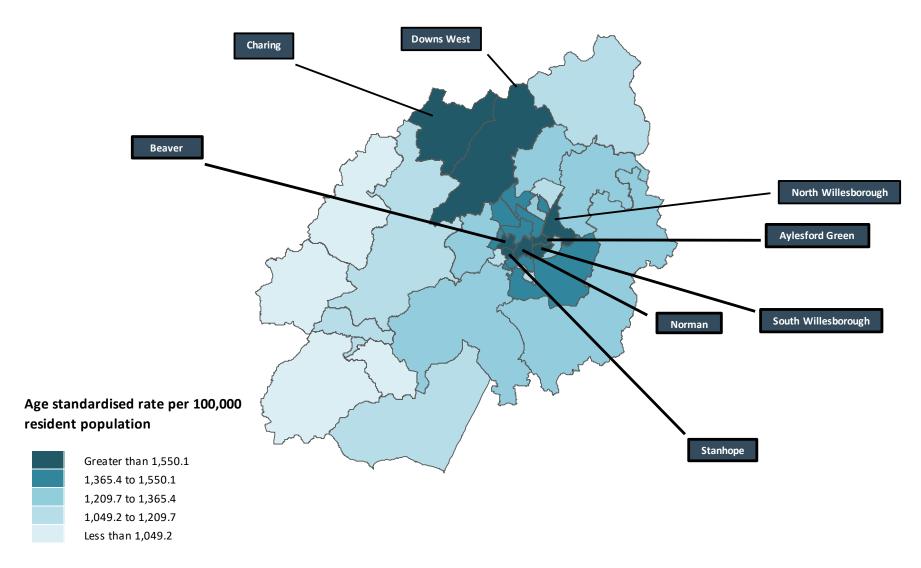
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20

Wards with no data have been subject to supression rules



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2016/17-2018/19



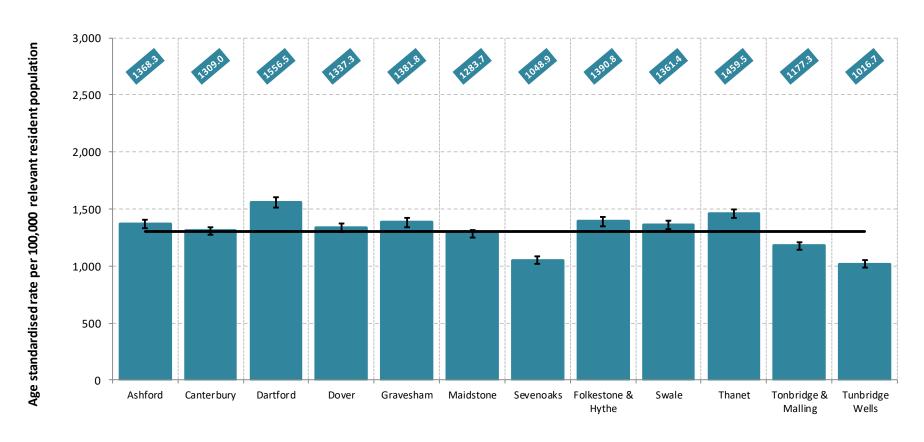
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by district

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2016/17-2018/19





 $Source: Hospital \, Episode \, Statistics \, (HES), \, NHS \, Digital, \, ONS, \, prepare \, d \, by \, KPHO \, (ZC), \, Jan-20 \, d \, and \, constant \, a$



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



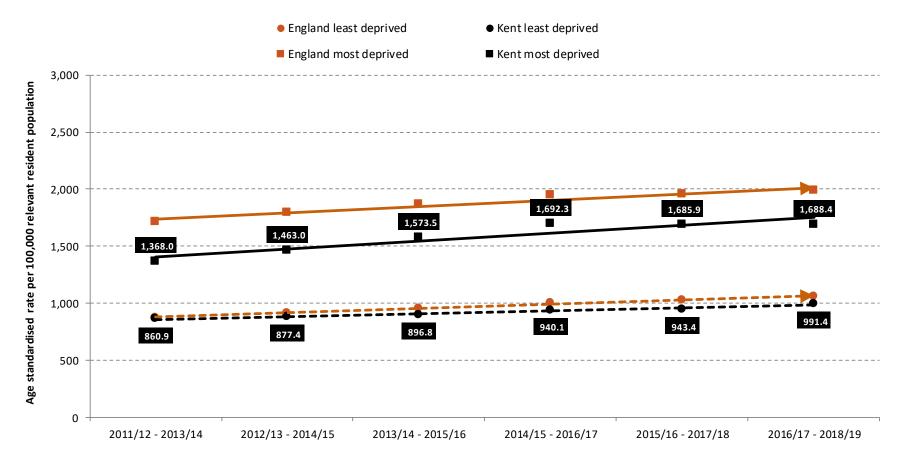
Increasing with a similar pace of change to Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20



Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, persons, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2018/19



Least deprived trend - increasing with a slower pace of change than England Most deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England

Source: <Select>, prepared by KPHO (ZC), Jan-20



Lifestyle

Excess weight

Physical activity

Smoking

Fruit and vegetable consumption

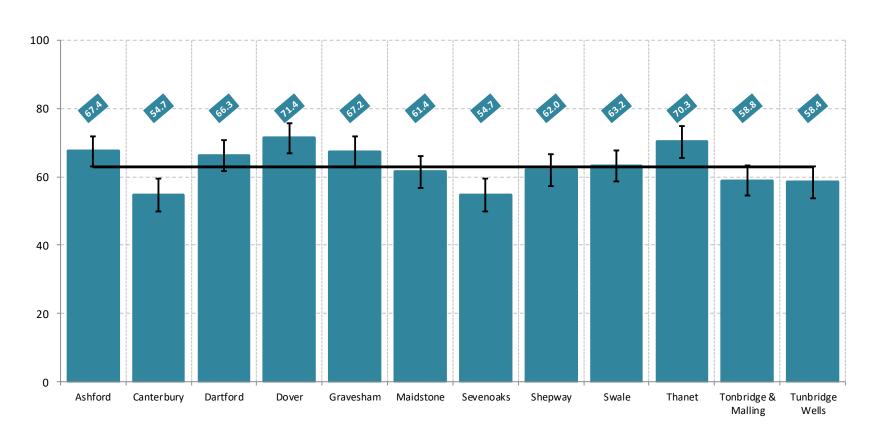


Adults classified as overweight or obese: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese, 2017/18



Percentage



Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives survey, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (LLY), May-19

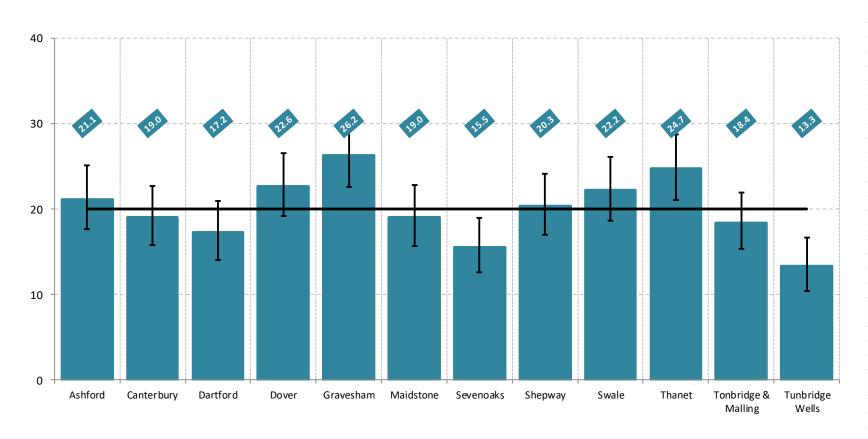


Physical inactivity in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 19+) that are physically inactive (<30 moderate intensity equivalent minutes per week), 2017/18



Percentage



Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (SR), Jun-19

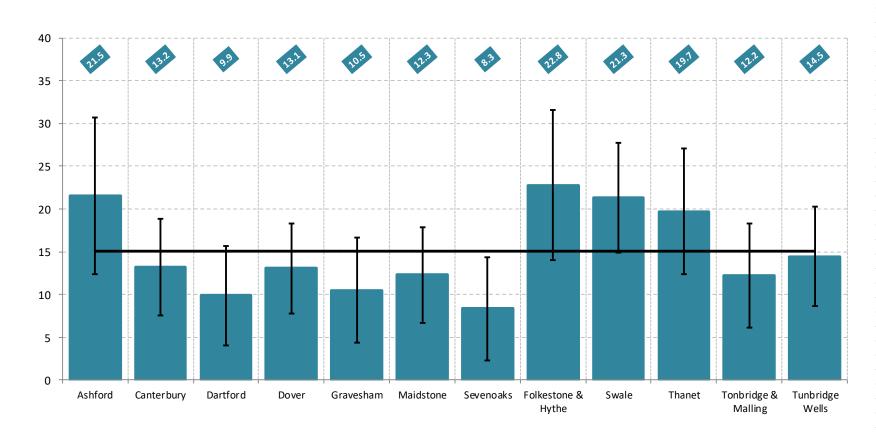


Smoking prevalence in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) who are self-reported smokers, 2018

District — Kent

Percentage

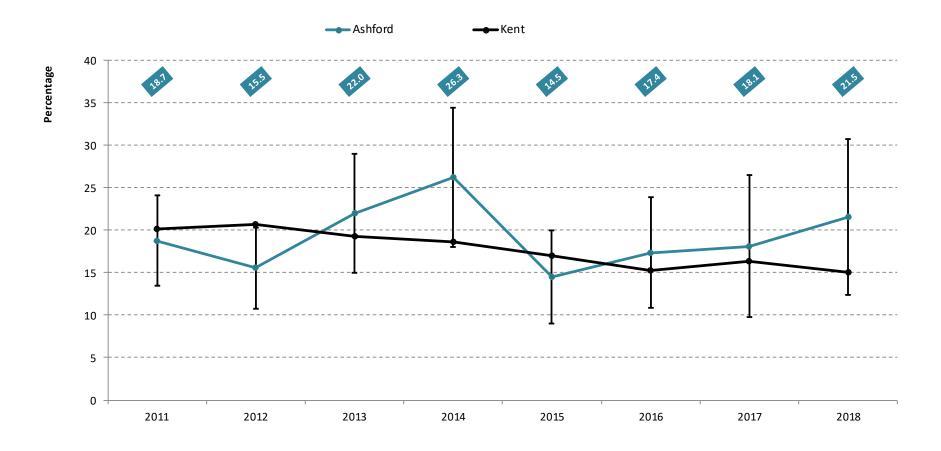


Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), prepared by KPHO (MP), Nov-19



Smoking prevalence in adults: trend

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) who are self-reported smokers, 2011 to 2018



No significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), prepared by KPHO (MP), Nov-19

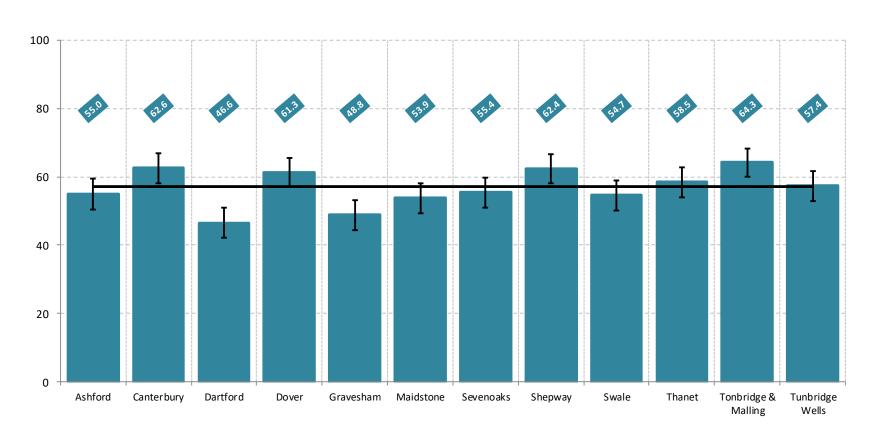


Fruit and vegetable consumption in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 16+) meeting the recommended '5-a-day' on a 'usual day', 2017/18



Percentage



Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (SR), Jun-19



Multimorbidity

Multimorbidity prevalence

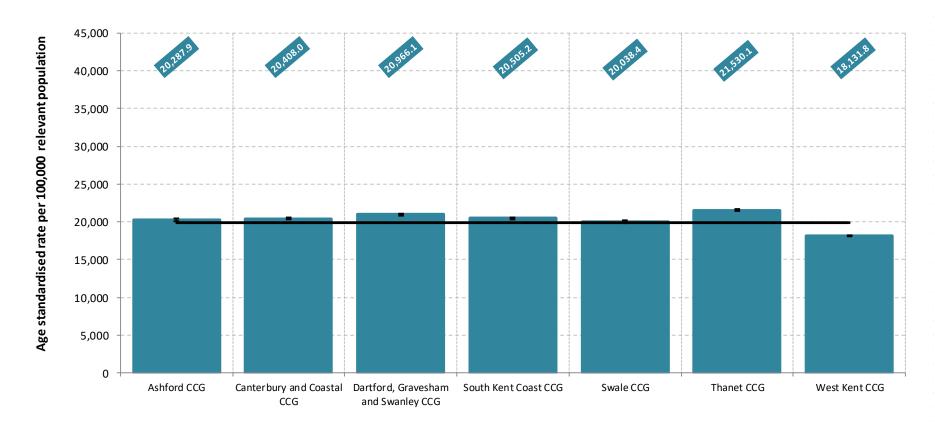
Prevalence of long term condition combinations



Multimorbidity (developmental statistics): by CCG

Patients (aged 25 years and over) recorded by their GP as having 2 or more long-term conditions, analysis is restricted to GP practices flowing data into the KID at time of the analysis, 2019



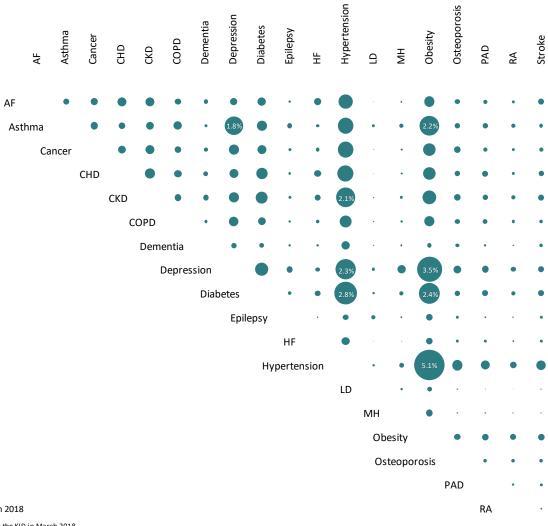


Source: Kent Integrated Dataset (KID), prepared by KPHO (LLY), Aug-19



Multimorbidity (developmental statistics): Prevalence of long term condition combinations

Patients recorded by their GP as having specific combinations of long term conditions, Kent, March 2018



Source: Kent Integrated Dataset (KID), prepared by KPHO (TG), March 2018



Stroke

^{*} Figures relate to persons resident in Kent and registered at a GP participating in the KID in March 2018