Contents

Overview

Demographics

Premature mortality

Healthcare usage

Clinical effectiveness

Lifestyle

Multimorbidity
Living Well: Thanet CCG

PREMATURE DEATHS (under 75 years)

Cause of death

- Cancer: 40%
- Circulatory: 20%
- Respiratory: 12%
- Other: 28%
- Injuries: 2%
- Gastrointestinal: 2%
- Neurovascular: 7%
- Infant & congenital conditions: 2%

LIFE EXPECTANCY at birth

- Male: 77.7 years
- Female: 82.4 years

LONG TERM CONDITIONS

- Diabetes: 7.4% (Ages 17+)
- Hypertension: 16.4%
- Asthma: 5.9%
- COPD: 3.0%

MENTAL HEALTH

- Depression: 12.6%
  - Of adults recorded by their GP as having depression
- Emergency hospital admissions for serious mental health conditions: 197 in 2017/18

INEQUALITIES BY DEPRIVATION

Premature mortality rates (ASR)

- Most deprived: 702.1 per 100,000
- Least deprived: 247.9 per 100,000


Source: QOF, 2017/18; HES,

Source: QOF, 2017/18

Source: PCMD, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, 2013-2017

Source: NCMP, 2014/15-2015/16 combined

Source: QOF, 2017/18; HES,
Demographics

Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD): by electoral ward

Overall IMD score, population weighted quintile, 2015

Overall IMD score

- Greater than 27.4
- 18.3 to 27.4
- 13.3 to 18.3
- 9.6 to 13.3
- Less than 9.6

Source: DCLG, prepared by KPHO (RK), Oct-17
Premature mortality from all causes

Causes of premature death
Premature mortality from all causes: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Premature mortality from all causes: by electoral ward
Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Premature mortality from all causes: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2015-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Premature mortality from all causes: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2010 to 2017

No significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Premature mortality from all causes: by deprivation
Age standardised rate per 100,000 people aged under 75 years, classified by underlying cause of death (ICD-10: A00-Y99), 2010 to 2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Causes of premature mortality
Underlying cause of death for persons aged under 75 years, 2017

- Cancer: 40%
- Respiratory: 12%
- Circulatory: 20%
- Other: 28%

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Jul-18
### Healthcare usage

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<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>A&amp;E attendances</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective hospital admissions</td>
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<td>Emergency hospital admissions</td>
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Accident & Emergency attendances: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16 - 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Accident & Emergency attendances: by electoral ward
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Accident & Emergency attendances: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Accident & Emergency attendances: trend
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 - 2012/13 to 2015/16 - 2017/18

No significant change compared with an increasing trend for Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Accident & Emergency attendances: by deprivation
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2015/16 - 2017/18

Least deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England
Most deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Elective hospital admissions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16 - 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Elective hospital admissions: by electoral ward
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Elective hospital admissions: by CCG
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Elective hospital admissions: trend
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 - 2012/13 to 2015/16 - 2017/18

No significant change compared with an increasing trend for Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Elective hospital admissions: by deprivation
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 - 2012/13 to 2015/16 - 2017/18

Least deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England
Most deprived trend - increasing with a slower pace of change than England

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Emergency hospital admissions: by electoral ward
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16 - 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Emergency hospital admissions: by electoral ward
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16 - 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Emergency hospital admissions: by CCG
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Emergency hospital admissions: trend
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 - 2012/13 to 2015/16 - 2017/18

No significant change compared with an increasing trend for Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Emergency hospital admissions: by deprivation
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

Least deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England
Most deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Clinical effectiveness

- Mortality from causes considered avoidable
- Mortality from causes considered amenable
- Mortality from causes considered preventable
- Avoidable admissions for chronic conditions
- Avoidable admissions for acute conditions
Avoidable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

- Greater than 251.8
- 209.8 to 251.8
- 180.0 to 209.8
- 140.7 to 180.0
- Less than 140.7

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable mortality: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable mortality: trend
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

No significant change compared with a stable trend for Kent

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable mortality: by deprivation
Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for potentially avoidable deaths identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

- Kent least deprived
- Kent most deprived

Least deprived trend - stable compared with an increasing trend for England
Most deprived trend - stable compared with a decreasing trend for England

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Amenable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Amenable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

- Greater than 146.2
- 114.8 to 146.2
- 94.4 to 114.8
- 75.8 to 94.4
- Less than 75.8

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Amenable mortality: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Amenable mortality: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

Decreasing with a similar pace of change to Kent

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Amenable mortality: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths amenable to healthcare identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

Least deprived trend - stable compared with an increasing trend for England
Most deprived trend - decreasing compared with a decreasing trend for England

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Preventable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Preventable mortality: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

- Greater than 210.9
- 174.3 to 210.9
- 144.7 to 174.3
- 118.4 to 144.7
- Less than 118.4

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Preventable mortality: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 relevant resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2013-2017

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Preventable mortality: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

No significant change compared with a stable trend for Kent

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Preventable mortality: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 relevant resident population, for deaths that could be prevented by health intervention identified by using underlying cause and age group, 2010 - 2012 to 2015 - 2017

Least deprived trend - decreasing
Most deprived trend - stable

Source: PCMD, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 to 2017/18

No significant change compared with a decreasing trend for Kent

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

- England least deprived
- Kent least deprived
- England most deprived
- Kent most deprived

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16 - 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by electoral ward

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by CCG

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2015/16-2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: trend

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population, 2010/11 to 2017/18

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
Avoidable emergency hospital admissions for acute conditions: by deprivation

Age standardised rate per 100,000 resident population

- England least deprived
- Kent least deprived
- England most deprived
- Kent most deprived

Least deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England
Most deprived trend - increasing with a similar pace of change to England

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital, ONS, prepared by KPHO (RK), Nov-18
### Lifestyle

- Excess weight
- Physical activity
- Smoking
- Fruit and vegetable consumption
Adults classified as overweight or obese: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese, 2016/17

Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives survey, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (LLY), May-18
Physical inactivity in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 19+) that are physically inactive (<30 moderate intensity equivalent minutes per week), 2016/17

Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (LLY), May-18
Smoking prevalence in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) who are self-reported smokers, 2017

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), prepared by KPHO (RK), Jul-18
Smoking prevalence in adults: trend
Percentage of adults (aged 18+) who are self-reported smokers, 2012 to 2017

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), prepared by KPHO (RK), Jul-18
Fruit and vegetable consumption in adults: by district

Percentage of adults (aged 16+) meeting the recommended '5-a-day' on a 'usual day', 2016/17

Source: Public Health England (based on Active Lives, Sport England), prepared by KPHO (LLY), May-18
Multimorbidity

Multimorbidity prevalence

Prevalence of long term condition combinations
Multimorbidity (developmental statistics): by CCG

Patients recorded by their GP as having 2 or more long-term conditions, age standardised rate per 100,000 people, 2017

Source: Kent Integrated Dataset (KID), prepared by KPHO (TG), Apr-18
### Multimorbidity (developmental statistics): Prevalence of long term condition combinations

Patients recorded by their GP as having specific combinations of long term conditions, Kent, March 2018

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<th>CHD</th>
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<th>Osteoporosis</th>
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**Source:** Kent Integrated Dataset (KID), prepared by KPHO (TG), March 2018

*Figures relate to persons resident in Kent and registered at a GP participating in the KID in March 2018*