

Cardiovascular Disease (CVD)

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Key Findings

Kent has a lower Quality and Outcomes framework recorded prevalence for cardiovascular disease in comparison to England in 2015-16; this has slightly decreased since 2006-07.

In comparison to Kent, Canterbury and Coastal, South Kent Coast and Thanet Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) were higher, whereas, Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley, Swale and West Kent CCGs were lower.

Across Kent there were 111.6 emergency hospital admissions for heart failure per 100,000 registered population in 2015-16, this has remained stable since 2006-07. In comparison to Kent, Canterbury and Coastal, and Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley were higher, whereas, West Kent CCG was lower.

Across Kent there were 126.9 emergency hospital admissions for myocardial infarction per 100,000 registered population in 2015/16, this has remained stable since 2006-07. In comparison to Kent, Canterbury and Coastal, South Kent Coast and Thanet were higher, whereas, Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley and West Kent CCGs were lower.

Across Kent there were 303.3 angiography procedures per 100,000 registered population in 2015/16, this has remained stable since 2006-07. In comparison to Kent, Ashford, South Kent Coast and Thanet were higher, whereas, West Kent CCG was lower.

Across Kent there were 114.3 for coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) and 31.1 for percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) per 100,000 registered population in 2015-16. CABG revascularisation has decreased, whereas, PCI revascularisation has increased since 2006-07.

The Kent rate for premature mortality from coronary heart disease was 34.1 per 100,000 registered Kent population in 2013-2015.

Swale and Thanet were higher, whereas, Ashford and West Kent CCGs were lower than Kent.

Reference

Taken from Kent Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Cardiovascular Disease 2016.